

Comparing and Ordering Numbers

Goal

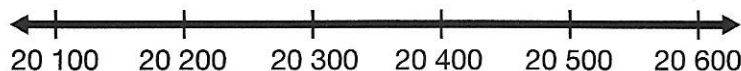
Compare and order numbers with up to five digits.

1.

Blue Jays' opponents	Average attendance in Toronto	Average attendance at opponent's stadium
Orioles	20 572	27 955
Devil Rays	20 459	9048
Expos	31 571	12 782
Yankees	27 205	33 916
Angels	20 106	41 088

- a) Which teams had a greater attendance when in their home stadium?

- b) Show the attendance of three games on the number line.



2. Complete each number sentence using $<$ or $>$.

- a) $20\ 899$ _____ $20\ 100$ c) $45\ 072$ _____ $47\ 072$ e) $90\ 000$ _____ $89\ 999$
 b) 3687 _____ 3675 d) $24\ 531$ _____ $23\ 154$ f) $19\ 560$ _____ $20\ 650$

3. Order each group of numbers from greatest to least using inequality signs.

- a) $14\ 532$ 8927 $41\ 536$ $50\ 001$

- b) $67\ 013$ 6713 $67\ 130$ $67\ 103$

4. Adrian collected pennies for a penny drive. He wrote the total number of pennies on separate cards. Each card had a 1, 8, 3, 5, or 4. The cards got all mixed up. He knew that the number of pennies was between 20 000 and 45 000. List three possibilities for the number of pennies.

At-Home Help

When comparing and ordering numbers up to five digits, compare the digits in this order:

- ten thousand
- thousand
- hundred
- ten
- one

You can also compare and order numbers by their positions on a number line.

Inequality signs $<$ and $>$ show that one number is greater than another.

For example, $8 > 5$ is read "eight is greater than five."

$5 < 8$ is read "five is less than eight."